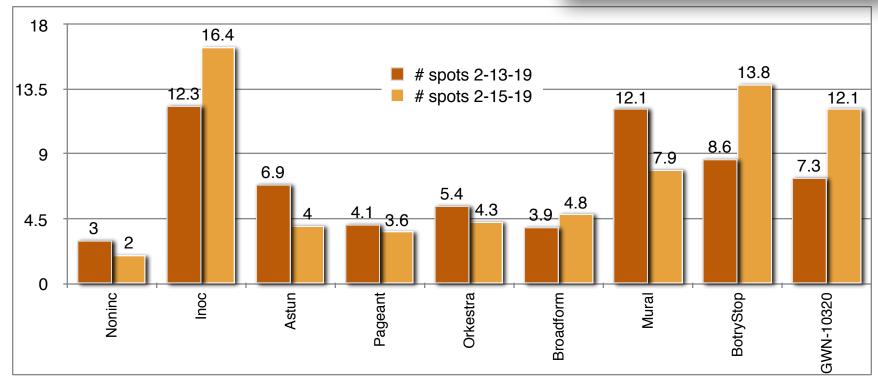


Sclerotinia Petal Blight on Cyclamen



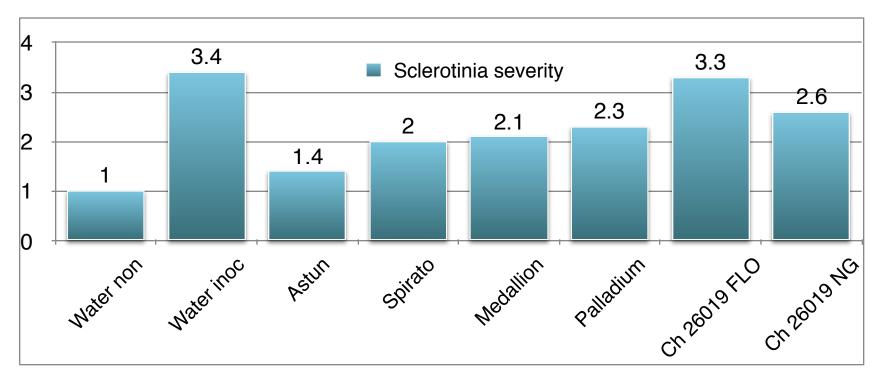


Products were applied twice on a 7-day interval



| Treatments | rate/100 gal |
|------------------|--------------|
| Water noninocula | ated —— |
| Water Inoculated | |
| Astun | 17 oz |
| Spriato | 4 oz |
| Medallion | 4 oz |
| Palladium | 6 oz |
| Chipco 26019 FL | .O 40 oz |
| Chipco 26019 N/ | G 16 oz |





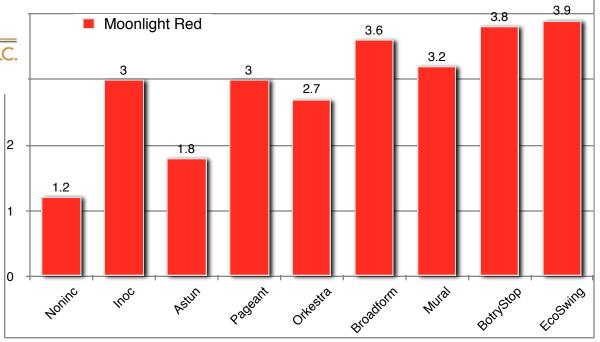
Chase

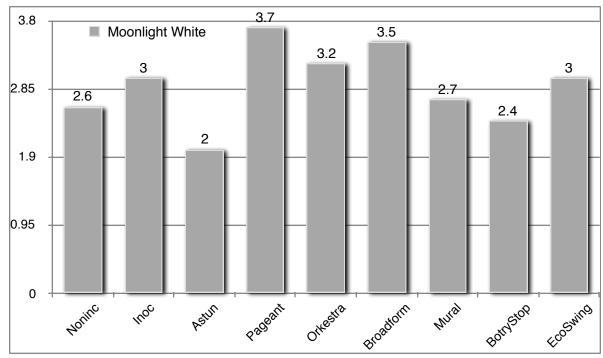
Agricultural Consulting, LLC.

Practical Solutions for Growers











Botrytis, Sclerotinia Rotation

- Daconil Ultrex
- Decree (best at killing spores use 12 oz preventatively and up to 24 oz curatively)
- Medallion or Palladium
- Chipco 26019 N/G, Chipco 26019 FLO
- Astun, Broadform or Orkestra Intrinsic



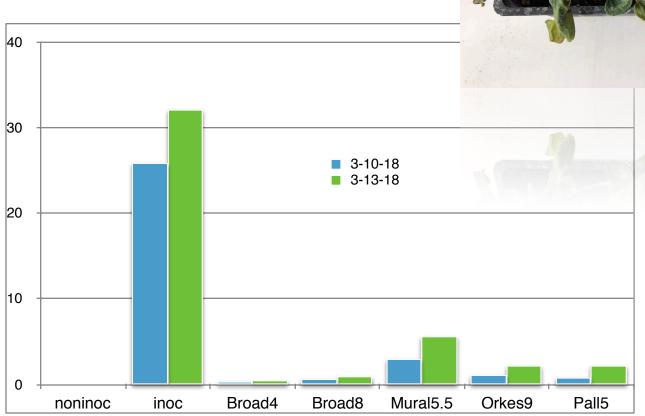


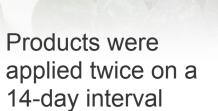






Anthracnose on Cyclamen







Best Fungicides for Prevention of Anthracnose on Cyclamen

| | rate/ 100 gal | FRAC | % control | 2018 trials |
|----------------------|------------------|-------------|--|--|
| Pageant Intrinsic | 18, 8, 8 oz | 7, 11 | 93 (leaf spot), 100 (leaf burn), 32 (8 oz rate) | Orkestra Intrinsic (9 oz/ 100 gal) E on leaves and flowers |
| Heritage | 2-4 oz | 11 7, 11 | 91-94 *leaves), 97-98 (leaves) VGE (flowers) | Mural VG at 5.5 oz (leaves) G at 5.5 oz (flowers) |
| Palladium | 2-6 oz | 9, 12 | 74-95 (leaf spot), E (flower at 4 oz) | E on leaves and VGE flowers at 5 oz |
| | | 7, 11 | Close to 100% | Broadform E on leaves at 4 oz |





Tospovirus

















Nonfat Dry Milk

- **★NFDM-**(20% wt/vol) can be very effective on plants, tools and clothing. Exposure time differs dipping tools is not effective with short exposures 10 min needed.
- *The treatment does not have to be wet to work. The effect wears off with overhead irrigation, rainfall or just growth of new leaves.
- *Adding Tween at 0.1% improves the effect.
- *Milk can promote sooty mold growth.
- *Using milk to control virus is not a legal registered use and in some states regulations may be an issue.
- ★It is not an inexpensive product in that it costs around \$4/gal or \$400/100 gal. This would be considered very expensive by many growers.



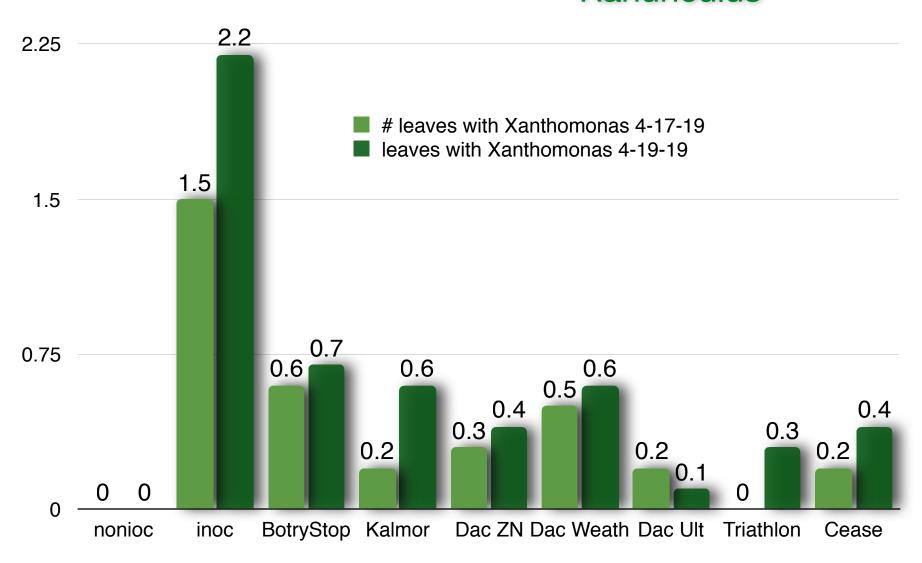




- 1. Get a lab diagnosis for diseases you do not easily recognize. Confusion between fungal and bacterial leaf spots is very easy and common. So are mixed infections with both types of pathogens.
- 2. Use only healthy cuttings, seedlings or liners.
- 3. Do not overhead irrigate highly susceptible crops if possible, or irrigate when leaves will dry rapidly.
- 4. Discard badly infected plants.
- 5. Space plants to improve air circulation/drying time as well as bactericide coverage.
- 6. Rotate bactericides between different FRAC groups to limit possibility of bactericide resistance.

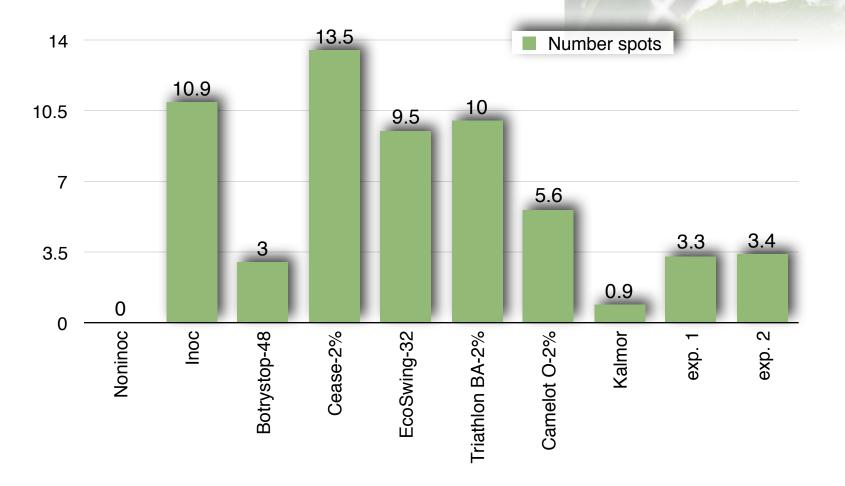


Xanthomonas leaf spot on Ranunculus



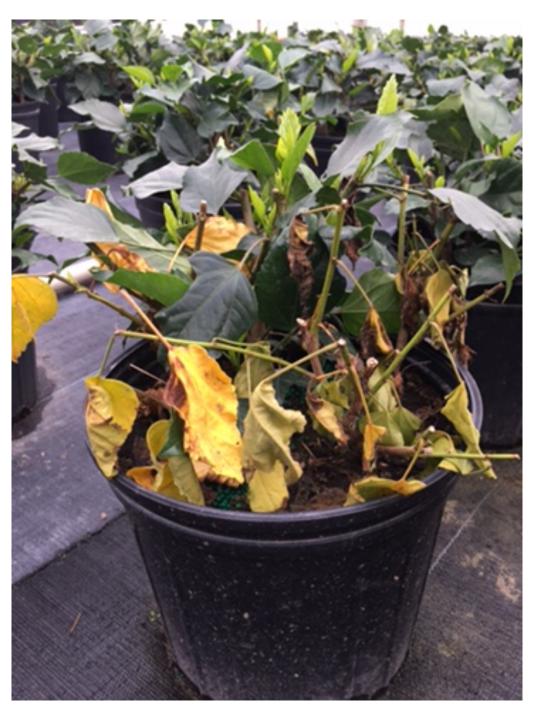


Pseudomonas leaf spot on Hibiscus



- ♣FRAC M1 Copper many choices from organic products like Camelot O, Kalmor and Nordox to older standards like Kocide 3000, Phyton 27 and Champ.
- ❖FRAC M3 Mancozeb (like Protect T&O, Dithane and Manzate).
- ♣Biologicals Bacillus based biologicals like Cease, Stargus and Triathlon BA.
- ❖DDAC KleenGrow generation 4 quaternary ammonium combination with isopropyl alcohol (do not assume generation 3 quats work as well).
- ❖Plant extracts EcoSwing and Regalia.





- 1. Get a lab diagnosis for diseases you do not easily recognize.
- 2. Use only healthy cuttings, seedlings or liners.
- 3. Do not overhead irrigate highly susceptible crops if possible, or irrigate when leaves will dry rapidly.
- 4. Discard all infected plants.
- 5. Sanitize beds/benches between crops.
- 6. Rotate fungicides between different FRAC groups to limit possibility of fungicide resistance. You have MANY choices!

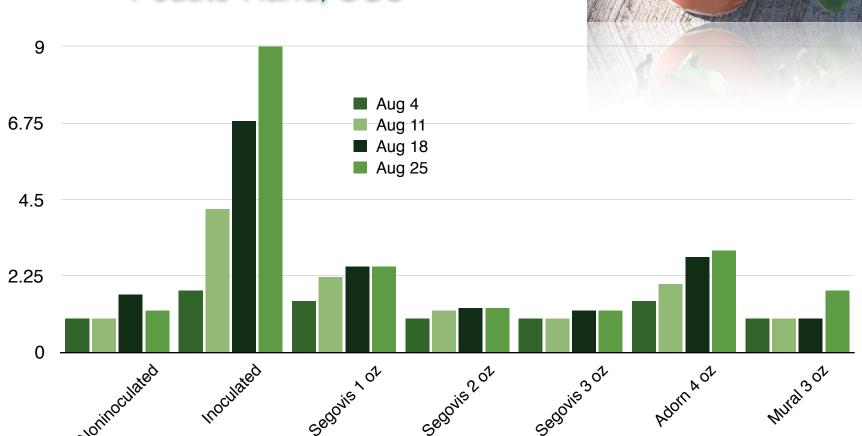


Phytophthora foliar blight on Ivy Norman, TREC-UF

| Treatment | rate/100 gal | % damaged foliage |
|-----------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| Noninoculated control | | О |
| Inoculated control | | 66 |
| Segovis | 1 oz | 0 |
| Segovis | 2 oz | 0 |
| Segovis | 3 oz | 0 |
| Subdue MAXX | 1 oz | 88 |
| Micora | 8 oz | 0 |



Gerber daisy - Phytophthora crown rot Peduto-Hand, OSU



- FRAC 4 Mefenoxam (Subdue Maxx) works on Pythium too.
- FRAC 14 Etridiazole (Banrot, Truban, Terrazole) works on Pythium root rot too and Banrot covers Rhizoctonia additionally.
- FRAC 21 Cyazofamid (Segway O) works on Pythium too.
- FRAC 40 Mandipropamid (Micora) and Stature (dimethomorph) OR Orvego (dimethomorph and ametoctradin).
- FRAC 43 Fluopicolide (Adorn) must be tank-mixed with another Phytophthora product ALWAYS.
- FRAC 49 OXTP (Segovis) longest lasting product when used as a drench. Also very good on aerial blight.



The Best Eradicants

| Disease | Best eradicant (s) | Cultural changes | |
|-----------------------|---|--|--|
| Downy mildew | Subdue MAXX FRAC group 40 Phosphonates (impatiens) | Fans to reduce relative humidity (RH) Irrigate when leaves will dry quickly Never water at night | |
| Pythium root rot | Subdue MAXX (won't work if the pathogen is resistant) - Change irrigation, light level etc. to improve cultural condition Doing this alone can result in "cure". - Plants can outgrow this disease. | | |
| Phytophthora stem rot | Segovis FRAC group 40 | Nothing likely to help once symptoms appear. Throw away symptomatic plants and treat the rest. | |
| Powdery mildew | FRAC group 3 Palladium | Reduce relative humidity (RH) | |
| Botrytis | Decree best at killing spores Astun, Broadform Palladium | •Reduce RH - water early in the day •Heat and vent at dusk •Keep leaves dry | |
| Rust | Heritage or Mural FRAC group 11 | Be sure to use a wetting agent or the fungicide may not penetrate the pustule. Keep leaves dry | |
| Anthracnose | Pageant Intrinsic or Broadform Spectro | Avoid wounding | |